

Guidelines and Consent to Use Laptop/Ipad Computer – Student Use

Please read the following carefully before signing. This is a legally binding document.

I, _____, the parent or guardian of _____, consent to and/or authorize for the school year 2014-2015 the following:

- 1) I grant permission for _____ to check out a laptop/Ipad computer to bring home as needed for academic use.
- 2) I assume responsibility for any unauthorized use of the computer while it is in my child's custody and will supervise its use to see that the computer is used only for academic purposes as assigned by school staff.
- 3) I will not allow my child to use the district's laptop computer to add, remove, or copy any programs, software or information in a manner which may violate the copyright laws.
- 4) I have reviewed the attached Kansas law (K.S.A. 21-3755).
- 5) I will not let my child install any software on the laptop.
- 6) There is a two day checkout. A fine of \$3.00 a day will be charged for every day not returned.

Parent or Legal Guardian

Date

Guidelines

1. Laptop use by students may be initiated by teachers and/or by individual students.
2. High School students may initiate checkout on their own. Grade School students (5-8) may check out laptops with teacher endorsement. Students below fifth (5th) grade may check out laptops with the assistance of their parent(s) or guardian.
3. Priority for the use of laptops will be given to students. As laptops are not being used by students, they will then be available for Patron use.
4. The check out period for a laptop is two (2) school days.
5. A fine of \$3.00 per day for overdue laptops.

K.S.A. 21-3755 Computer crime; criminal computer.

A) As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed thereto:

- (1) **Access** means to approach, instruct, communicate with, store data in, retrieve data from, or otherwise make use of any resources of a computer, computer system or computer network.
- (2) **Computer** means an electronic device which performs work using programmed instruction and which has one or more of the capabilities of storage, logic, arithmetic or communication and includes all input, output, processing, storage, connected or related to such a device in a system or network.
- (3) **Computer Network** means the interconnection of communication lines, including microwave or other means of electronic communication, with a computer through remote terminals, or a complex consisting of two or more interconnected computers.
- (4) **Computer program** means a series of instructions or statements in a form acceptable to a computer which permits the functioning of a computer system in a manner designed to provide appropriate products from such computer system.
- (5) **Computer software** means computer programs, procedures, and associated documentation concerned with the operation of a computer system.
- (6) **Computer system** means a set of related computer equipment or devices and computer software which may be connected or unconnected.
- (7) **Financial instrument** means any check, draft, money order, certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, credit card, debit card, or marketable security.
- (8) **Property** includes, but is not limited to, financial instruments, information, electronically produced or stored data, supporting documentation, and computer software in either machine or human readable form.
- (9) "Services" includes, but is not limited to, computer time, data processing, and storage functions and other uses of a computer, computer system, or computer network to perform useful work.
- (10) **Supporting documentation** includes, but is not limited to, all documentation used in the construction, classification, implementation, use, or modification of computer software, computer programs, or data.

B) Computer crime is:

- (1) Intentionally and without authorization gaining or attempting to gain access to and damaging, modifying, altering, destroying, copying, disclosing or taking possession of a computer, computer system, computer network or any other property;
- (2) using a computer, computer system, computer network, or any other property for the purpose of devising or executing a scheme or artifice with the intent to defraud or for the purpose of obtaining money, property, services or any other thing of value by means of false or fraudulent pretense or representation; or
- (3) intentionally exceeding the limits of authorization and damaging, modifying, altering, destroying, copying, disclosing or taking possession of a computer, computer system, computer network, or any other property.

C) Consequences of Violations

- (1) Computer crime which causes a loss of the value of less than \$500 is a class A nonperson misdemeanor.
- (2) Computer crime which causes a loss of the value of at least \$500 but less than \$25,000 is a severity level 9, nonperson felony.
- (3) Computer crime which causes a loss of the value of \$25,000 or more is a severity level 7, nonperson felony.

D) In any prosecution for computer crime, it is a defense that the property or services were appropriated openly and avowedly under a claim of title made in good faith.

E) Criminal computer access is intentionally, fraudulently and without authorization gaining or attempting to gain access to any computer, computer system, computer network or to any computer software, program documentation, data or property contained in any computer, computer system or computer network. Criminal computer access is a class A nonperson misdemeanor.

F) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas criminal code.